What is claimed is:

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- 1. A composition comprising a combination of ATP-depleting agents at concentrations which deplete the ATP level to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells wherein at least one of the ATP-depleting agents is a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.
- 2. Α composition comprising an effective amount а combination of ATP-depleting agents at concentrations which deplete the ATP level to at least 15% of normal in 15 cancer cells wherein at least one of the ATP-depleting agents is a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.
- 3. The composition of claim 1 or 2, wherein said composition produces a substantially better effect than a composition without at least one of following ATP-depleting the mitochondrial a ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic 25 inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.
- 4. The composition of claim 1, 2 or 3, further comprising a pyrimidine-depleting agent or a pyrimidine antagonist.
 - 5. The composition of claim 1, 2 or 3, further comprising an anticancer agent.
- 35 6. The composition of claim 5, wherein the anticancer agent

to which the cancer is sensitive.

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- 7. The composition of claim 5 or 6, wherein the anticancer agent is at approximately half of the maximum tolerated dose.
 - 8. The composition of claim 1-7, wherein the ATP-depleting agents is 6-methylmercaptopurine riboside (MMPR), 6-Aminonicotinamide (6-AN), alanosine (AL) or a combination thereof.
 - 9. The composition of claim 8, further comprising N- (phosphonacetyl)-L-aspartic acid (PALA).
- 15 10. The composition of claim 9, further comprising 3-bromopyruvic acid.
 - 11. The composition of claim 1-10 wherein the ATP-depleting agents is 6-methylmercaptopurine riboside (MMPR), alanosine (AL) or a combination thereof.
 - 12. The composition of claim 11, further comprising N-(phosphonacetyl)-L-aspartic acid (PALA).
- 25 13. The composition of claim 11, further comprising dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA).
 - 14. The composition of claim 11, further comprising oxythiamine (OT).
- 15. The composition of claim 11, further comprising dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) and oxythiamine (OT).
- 16. The composition of claim 11, further comprising 6-35 Aminonicotinomide (6-AN).

- 17. The composition of claims 1-16, further comprising a cytokine.
- 18. The composition of claim 17, wherein the cytokine is G-5 CSF.
 - 19. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the composition of claim 1-18 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 10 20. Α method for treating a cancer subject comprising administering to the subject a combination of depleting agents at concentrations which deplete the ATP level to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells wherein at least one of the ATP-depleting agents 15 mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.
- 20 21. for treating method a cancer subject comprising administering to the subject a combination of depleting agents at concentrations which deplete the ATP level to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells wherein at least one of the ATP-depleting agents 25 mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside, wherein said composition produces a substantially better effect than a composition without at least one of the following ATP-depleting 30 agents: a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.

- 22. The method of claim 20 or 21, further comprising a pyrimidine-depleting agent.
- 5 23. The method of claim 20 or 21, further comprising an anticancer agent.
 - 24. The method of claim 23, wherein the cancer is clinically sensitive to the employed anti-cancer agent.

- 25. The method of claim 23 or 24, wherein the anticancer agent is at approximately half of the maximum tolerated dose.
- 15 A method for induction of cancer cell death comprising 26. contacting said cancer cell with a combination of ATPdepleting agents at concentrations which deplete the ATP level to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells wherein least one of the ATP-depleting agents mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, 20 a . methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6 -Methylmercaptopurine riboside.
- A method for induction of cancer cell death comprising 25 27. contacting said cancer cell with a combination of ATPdepleting agents at concentrations which deplete the ATP level to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells wherein least one of the ATP-depleting agents mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, 30 methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside, wherein said composition produces a substantially better effect than a composition

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without at least one of the following ATP-depleting agents: a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor and an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.

- 28. The method of claim 26 or 27, further comprising a pyrimidine-depleting agent.
- 10 29. The method of claim 26 or 27, further comprising an anticancer agent.
 - 30. The method of claim 29, wherein the cancer is clinically sensitive to the employed anticancer agent.
 - 31. The method of claim 29 or 30, wherein the anticancer agent is at half of the maximum tolerated dose.
- 32. A method for treating a cancer subject, or for the 20 induction of cancer cell death, comprising administering to the subject a combination of ATP-depleting agents, a pyrimidine antagonist, and anticancer agent to which the treated cancer is sensitive, at concentrations together collectively deplete the ATP levels to at least 25 15% of normal in cancer cells wherein at least one of the ATP-depleting agents is a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.
 - 33. A method for treating a cancer subject, or for the induction of cancer cell death, comprising administering to the subject a combination of ATP-depleting agents, a pyrimidine antagonist, and anticancer agent to which the treated cancer is sensitive, at concentrations which

together collectively deplete the ATP levels to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells, wherein at least one of ATP-depleting agents is a mitochondrial inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine ribosidewherein and said composition produces substantially better effect than a composition without at least one of the following ATP-depleting agents: a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor and an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other Methylmercaptopurine riboside.

- 15 34. The method of claim 32 or 33, wherein the anticancer agent is half of the maximum tolerated dose.
 - 35. The method of claim 20-34, wherein the ATP-depleting agent is 6-methylmercaptopurine riboside (MMPR), 6-Aminonicotinamide (6-AN), alanosine (AL) or a combination thereof.
 - 36. The method of claim 35, further comprising N- (phosphonacetyl)-L-aspartic acid (PALA).
 - 37. The method of claim 35, further comprising 3-bromopyruvic acid.
- 38. The method of claim 35 wherein the ATP-depleting is 6-30 methylmercaptopurine riboside (MMPR), alanosine (AL) or a combination thereof.
 - 39. The method of claim 35 further comprising N- (phosphonacetyl)-L-aspartic acid (PALA).

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- 40. The method of claim 35 further comprising dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA).
- 41. The method of claim 35 further comprising oxythiamine 5 (OT).
 - 42. The method of claim 35 further comprising dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) and oxythiamine (OT).
- 10 43. The method of claim 35 further comprising 6-Aminonicotinamide (6-AN).
 - 44. The method of claim 20-43 further comprising a cytokine.
- 15 45. The method of claim 44, wherein the cytokine is G-CSF.
 - 46. A method for treating drug-resistant cancer cells comprising contacting the said cancer with a combination of ATP-depleting agents and an anticancer agent.
 - 47. The method of claim 46, wherein the dose of said anticancer agent is at approximately half of the maximal tolerated dose.
- 25 48. The method of claim 46, wherein the ATP level is depleted to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells and at least one of the ATP-depleting agents is a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, a methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.
 - 49. The method of claim 46, wherein the ATP level is depleted to at least 15% of normal in cancer cells and at

least one of the ATP-depleting agents is a mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, а glycolytic inhibitor, a phosphorylase methylthioadenosine inhibitor or an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6 -Methylmercaptopurine riboside and said composition produces a substantially better effect than a composition without at least one of the ATP-depleting agents: mitochondrial ATP-inhibitor, a glycolytic inhibitor, а methylthioadenosine phosphorylase inhibitor an inhibitor of De Novo purine synthesis other than 6-Methylmercaptopurine riboside.

- 50. A method for induction of cancer cell death comprising contacting said cancer cell with an agent capable of inducing necrosis in cancer cells.
 - 51. The method of claim 50, wherein the agent is an ATP-depleting agent.
- 20 52. The method of claim 50 further comprising a pyrimidinedepleting regimen.
 - 53. The method of claim 50 further comprising an anticancer agent.

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